EXHIBIT A

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N552AriP kjc
     UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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     SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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                                           New York, N.Y.
     UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
                                           22 Cr. 495 (PAE)
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                V.
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     EDWIN MANON ARIAS,
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                    Defendant.
          -----x
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                                       Plea
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                                            May 5, 2023
                                            11:05 a.m.
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     Before:
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                        HON. PAUL A. ENGELMAYER,
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                                            District Judge
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                              APPEARANCES
15
     DAMIAN WILLIAMS
          United States Attorney for the
16
          Southern District of New York
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     BY: MADISON R. SMYSER
          Assistant United States Attorney
18
     FEDERAL DEFENDERS OF NEW YORK
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          Attorneys for Defendant
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     BY: ANDREW J. DALACK
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     Also Present:
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     Cristina Weisz, Spanish Interpreter
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(Case called)

THE DEPUTY CLERK: Counselors, starting with the front table, please state your appearances for the record.

MS. SMYSER: Good morning, your Honor. Madison Smyser for the government.

MR. DALACK: Good morning, Judge. Andrew Dalack, from the Federal Defenders of New York, on behalf of Mr. Arias.

THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Dalack; and good morning to you, of course, Mr. Arias. Good morning to the translator who is assisting Mr. Arias today.

All right. At the outset I understand, Mr. Dalack, that your client wishes today to plead guilty to a lesser included offense within the scope of the information, is that correct?

MR. DALACK: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Before we proceed to that, there is a disclosure I need to put on the record. I imagine Mr. Dalack you are aware of that, but in 2019 through 2020, AUSA Smyser worked for me as a law clerk and, indeed, as an excellent law clerk. I encouraged her to apply to the U.S. Attorney's office, strongly supported her application, and we remain in close touch. That said, I am entirely confident that my supervision of this case will be unaffected by the fact that she is a former clerk of mine. Nevertheless, I wanted to put that on the record.

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1 MR. DALACK: Thank you, Judge. 2 Any objection to proceeding? THE COURT: 3 MR. DALACK: Absolutely none. 4 THE COURT: Okay. Very good. Thank you. With that, Mr. Arias -- Arias? 5 6 MR. DALACK: Arias. 7 THE COURT: Mr. Arias, is it correct today you wish to plead guilty to a lesser included offense within Count One of 8 9 the information in this case? 10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 11 THE COURT: And is that plea pursuant to a plea 12 agreement? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 14 THE COURT: Counsel have handed up a signed plea 15 agreement. I am going to mark it as Government Exhibit 1. later in this proceeding, I will have questions for counsel and 16 17 for Mr. Arias about that. 18 Mr. Arias, before I accept your guilty plea, I'm going 19 to ask you certain questions so that I can establish to my 20 satisfaction that you wish to plead quilty because you are 21 quilty and not for some other reason. If you don't understand 22 any of my questions or you would like a further opportunity to

THE COURT: Of course.

THE DEFENDANT: Would you please repeat the question?

consult with Mr. Dalack, would you please let me know?

Before I accept your guilty plea, I'm going to ask you certain questions so that I can establish to my satisfaction that you wish to plead guilty because you are guilty and not for some other reason. If you don't understand any of my questions or at any time you would like more time to speak with Mr. Dalack, would you please let me know?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand what you are asking $\ensuremath{\text{me}}\xspace.$

THE COURT: Very good.

Mr. Arias, are you able to speak and understand English?

THE DEFENDANT: No, I don't understand English.

THE COURT: Okay. As you can see, we have a translator, a court-certified Spanish translator here to assist you. Would you let me know if at any time you have any difficulty understanding what the translator is saying?

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah, the microphone, it needs to raise the volume.

(Pause)

THE INTERPRETER: I'm going to change the headset.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

(Pause)

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Arias, has the translation equipment been fixed? Can you hear what the translator is saying?

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2	THE COURT: If at any point going forward you are
3	having any difficulty hearing the translator or understanding

what she is saying, will you please get my attention? Will you

please let me know?

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: I suggest raise your hand if you are having any problems, and I will know to intervene. Okay?

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: Very good.

Mr. Smallman, would you kindly place Mr. Arias under oath.

THE DEPUTY CLERK: Please rise. Raise your right hand.

You do solemnly swear that the testimony you shall give the Court in this issue shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you God?

THE DEFENDANT: I do swear.

THE DEPUTY CLERK: Thank you.

THE COURT: You may be seated.

Mr. Arias, do you understand that you are now under oath and that if you answer any of my questions falsely, your answers to my questions may be used against you in another prosecution for perjury?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

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               THE COURT: What is your full name?
               THE DEFENDANT: Edwin Amauri Manon Arias.
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               THE COURT: How old are you?
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               THE DEFENDANT: I'm 40 years old.
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               THE COURT: How far did you go in school?
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               THE DEFENDANT: I completed four years of college.
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               THE COURT: Have you ever been treated or hospitalized
      for any mental illness?
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               THE DEFENDANT: No.
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               THE COURT: Are you now or have you recently been
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      under the care of a doctor or a psychiatrist?
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               THE DEFENDANT: No.
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               THE COURT: Have you ever been hospitalized or treated
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      for addiction to any drugs or alcohol?
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               THE DEFENDANT:
                              No.
               THE COURT: Is your mind -- within the past 24 hours,
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      have you taken any drugs, medicine, or pills or drunk any
      alcoholic beverages?
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               THE DEFENDANT: No.
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               THE COURT: Is your mind clear today?
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               THE DEFENDANT: Sure.
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               THE COURT: Yes?
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               THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
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               THE COURT: Do you understand what's happening in this
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      proceeding.
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1 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 2 THE COURT: Mr. Dalack, do you have any doubt as to 3 your client's competence to plead at this time? 4 MR. DALACK: I do not, your Honor. 5 THE COURT: And how about you, Ms. Smyser? 6 MS. SMYSER: No, your Honor. 7 THE COURT: Okay, very good. Look, based on his responses to my questions and his 8 9 demeanor as he appears before me, I find that the defendant is 10 competent to enter a plea of quilty at this time. 11 All right. Mr. Arias, have you had a sufficient 12 opportunity to discuss your case with your attorney? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 14 THE COURT: Have you had a sufficient opportunity to 15 discuss the particular charge to which you intend to plead quilty, any possible defenses to that charge, and the 16 consequences of entering a plea of quilty? 17 18 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. THE COURT: Are you satisfied with your attorney's 19 20 representation of you, including in connection with reaching 21 this plea agreement? 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 23 THE COURT: I'm now going to explain certain

constitutional rights that you have. You will be giving up

these rights if you enter a plea of guilty.

Under the Constitution and laws of the United States, you are entitled to a speedy and a public trial by a jury on the charge contained in the information.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: At that trial, you would be presumed to be innocent. The government would be required to prove you guilty by competent evidence and beyond a reasonable doubt before you could be found guilty. You would not have to prove that you were innocent, and a jury of 12 people would have to agree unanimously that you were guilty.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, yes.

THE COURT: At that trial and at every stage of your case, you would be entitled to be represented by an attorney, and if you could not afford one, one would be appointed to represent you free of charge.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: During a trial, the witnesses for the government would have to come to court and testify in your presence and your lawyer could cross-examine the witnesses for the government, object to evidence offered by the government and, if you desired, issue subpoenas, offer evidence, and compel witnesses to testify on your behalf.

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1 Do you understand that? 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 3 THE COURT: At a trial, although you would have the 4 right to testify if you chose to do so, you would also have the 5 right not to testify, and no inference or suggestion of guilt 6 could be drawn from the fact that you did not testify if that 7 was what you chose to do. Do you understand that? 8 9 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 10 THE COURT: At trial, the government would have to 11 prove each and every part or element of a charge beyond a 12 reasonable doubt for you to be convicted of that charge. 13 Do you understand that? 14 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 15 THE COURT: Do you understand that if you were convicted at a trial, that you would then have the right to 16 17 appeal that verdict? 18 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 19 THE COURT: Even at this time, right now, even as you 20 are in the process of entering this guilty plea, you have the 21 right to change your mind, plead not guilty, and go to trial. 22 Do you understand that? 23 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 24 THE COURT: If you plead quilty and I accept your

plea, you will give up your right to a trial and the other

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rights that I have just described. There will be no trial, and I will enter a judgment of guilty and sentence you on the basis of your guilty plea after considering the submissions relating to sentencing that I receive from you, your lawyer, and the government as well as a presentence report prepared by the probation department.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And if you plead guilty, you will also have to give up your right not to incriminate yourself because I will ask you questions about what you did in order to satisfy myself that you are guilty as charged.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Mr. Dalack, let me just ask you this. The information is one that the defendant waived, too, sometime ago. This is not a new information, is that correct?

MR. DALACK: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Very good.

Mr. Arias, have you received a copy of the information containing the charge against you?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Have you read it or has it been read to you? Has it been translated to you?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, yes.

THE COURT: And have you had an opportunity to discuss the information with Mr. Dalack?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that you are charged in Count One of the information with conspiring to distribute and possess with intent to distribute controlled substances, specifically, 400 grams and more of mixtures and substances containing a detectable amount of fentanyl and mixtures and substances containing a detectable amount of cocaine.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And do you understand that under the plea agreement you would be pleading guilty to a lesser included offense within that charge, specifically, that you would be conspiring to distribute and possess with intent to distribute those controlled substances but without regard to a specific quantity.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Let me confirm with the government that that is an accurate recitation of the lesser included offense here.

MS. SMYSER: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Ms. Smyser, would you please set out the elements of that offense.

MS. SMYSER: Yes, your Honor.

In order to prove the defendant guilty of conspiring with others to distribute fentanyl and cocaine, in violation of Title 21 U.S.C. 846 and 841(b)(1)(C), the government would have to prove at a trial beyond a reasonable doubt:

First, that there were -- was an agreement or understanding between at least two people to violate the narcotics laws of the United States;

Second, that the defendant knowingly became a member of the conspiracy; and

Third, that the controlled substances involved in the conspiracy included a detectable amount of fentanyl and cocaine.

THE COURT: Very good.

And as to venue?

MS. SMYSER: Oh, yes, your Honor. The government would also be required to prove by a preponderance of evidence that venue is proper in the Southern District of New York.

THE COURT: Very good.

Mr. Dalack, do you agree with the summary of the elements provided by Ms. Smyser?

MR. DALACK: I do, your Honor.

THE COURT: And Mr. Arias, could you hear and understand AUSA Smyser as she set out the elements of the offense?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that if you were to go to trial, the government would have to prove each of those elements beyond a reasonable doubt?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And do you understand as well that the government would have to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that venue was proper in this district, which includes, among other places, Manhattan and the Bronx?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Turning to the consequences of a guilty plea, do you understand that the maximum term of imprisonment for this offense is 20 years' imprisonment?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right. Do you understand that the offense carries a mandatory minimum term of three years' supervised release and a maximum term of lifetime supervised release?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Supervised release means that you will be subject to monitoring when you are released from prison. There are terms of supervised release with which a person must comply. If you don't comply with them, you can be returned to prison without a jury trial for all or part of the term of supervised release imposed by the Court. Under those

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circumstances, you would not be given any credit towards that term for the time you had served in prison as a result of your sentence for this offense, nor would you necessarily be given any credit towards that term for any time you had spent on post-release supervision.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: The maximum fine for this offense is the greatest of \$1 million, twice the gross pecuniary gain derived from the offense, or twice the gross pecuniary loss to people other than you resulting from the offense.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: For pleading guilty to this crime, you will also be required to pay a mandatory \$100 special assessment.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: For pleading guilty to this crime, you may be compelled to forfeit any and all property constituting and derived from proceeds obtained by your criminal conduct.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you also understand that if I accept your guilty plea and adjudge you guilty, that may deprive you

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of valuable civil rights, such as, the right to vote, the right to hold public office, the right to serve on a jury, and the right to possess any kind of firearm?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Are you a United States citizen?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm a resident.

THE COURT: You are not a United States citizen, is that correct?

THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: Let me rephrase that. Are you a

United States citizen?

THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: Do you understand that as a result of your guilty plea --

THE INTERPRETER: Hold on.

THE COURT: Okay.

(Pause)

THE COURT: Do you understand that as a result of your guilty plea, there may be adverse effects on your immigration status, including further detention following completion of your sentence?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that as a result of your guilty plea, you may be removed from the United States, denied citizenship, and denied admission to the United States in the

future?

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THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Have you discussed the possible immigration consequences of a guilty plea with your lawyer?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Under current law, there are sentencing guidelines as well as other factors set forth in the sentencing statutes that judges must consider in determining a sentence.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Have you spoken with your attorney about the sentencing guidelines and those other factors?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that the Court will not be able to determine the guideline range that will form one part of my determination of what a reasonable sentence will be in your case until after a presentence report has been prepared and until after you, your attorney, and the government have all had an opportunity to challenge any of the facts reported there by the probation department?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that even though the parties have agreed in the plea agreement that the sentencing guidelines recommend for you a sentence of between 57 and 71

months' imprisonment, the parties' agreement about what the sentencing guidelines recommend is not binding on the probation department and it's not binding on the Court?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that even after the Court has determined what guideline range applies to your case, the Court has the discretion under the current law to impose a sentence that is higher or lower than the one recommended by the sentencing guidelines?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that even if your attorney or anyone else has attempted to predict what your sentence will be, their prediction could be wrong? No one—not your attorney, not the government's attorney, no one—can give you any assurance of what your sentence will be because I'm going to decide your sentence, and I'm not going to do that now and I really can't do that now. Instead, I'm going to wait until I receive a presentence report prepared by the probation department. I'm going to wait until I receive what I know will be thoughtful sentencing submissions by the defense and the government. I'm going to do my own independent calculation of what the sentencing guidelines recommend. Most of all, I'm going to determine what a just and reasonable sentence is for you based on all of the factors contained in the sentencing statute which is known as Section 3553(a).

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1 Do you understand all that? 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 3 THE COURT: Have you discussed these issues and the 4 overall sentencing process with Mr. Dalack? 5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 6 THE COURT: Even if your sentence is different from 7 what your attorney or anyone else has told you it might be, even if it's different from what you expect, even if it's 8 9 different from the advisory quideline range contained in your 10 plea agreement, you would still be bound by your guilty plea 11 and you would not be allowed to withdraw your guilty plea. 12 Do you understand that? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 14 THE COURT: Has anyone threatened you or anyone else 15 or forced you in any way to plead guilty? 16 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. 17 THE COURT: All right. Counsel have handed up the 18 signed plea agreement, again, Government Exhibit 1. 19 Ms. Smyser, I see here the signature of Camille Fletcher, the 20 assigned assistant United States Attorney, and the authorized 21 electronic signature of Negar Tekeei, the co-chief of the 22 Narcotics Unit. Are those the signatures or authorized 23 signatures of those persons? 24 MS. SMYSER: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Dalack, I see here your signature

N552AriP kjc dated today. Is that your signature? 1 2 MR. DALACK: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: And Mr. Arias, I see here your signature 3 4 dated today. Is that your signature? 5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 6 THE COURT: Did you read this agreement or, rather, 7 was it translated to you before you signed it? 8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 9 THE COURT: Did you discuss it with your attorney before you signed it? 10 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 12 THE COURT: Did you believe that you understood the 13 agreement at the time you signed it? 14 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 15 THE COURT: Did you willingly sign the agreement? 16 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 17 THE COURT: Did anyone force you to sign the 18 agreement? 19 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. 20 THE COURT: Do you have any agreement with the 21

government about your plea or your sentence that has been left out, that has been omitted from this plea agreement?

MR. DALACK: If I could speak to that, your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

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MR. DALACK: If we could move this brief portion of

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      the record under seal --
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               THE COURT: Very good.
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               MR. DALACK: -- I would be grateful.
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               THE COURT: From this moment, we will be under seal
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      until I say otherwise.
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                (Pages 21 through 23 sealed)
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THE COURT: All right. Back on the record -- back -- we are no longer under seal.

Ms. Smyser, would you kindly summarize the central terms of the plea agreement.

MS. SMYSER: Yes, your Honor.

As described in the plea agreement, the defendant is pleading to a lesser included offense of the information, to a conspiracy to distribute fentanyl and cocaine in violation of 21 United States Code 846 and 841(b)(1)(C).

Under the government's calculation, the stipulated guidelines range here is 57 to 71 months' imprisonment and it includes a minor role reduction. The defendant here --

THE COURT: I noted that there is a minor role reduction both under chapter 3, but there -- and this is a detail I hadn't focused on until this case, I see that the base offense level for the narcotics offense itself is reduced an additional two levels because of the minor role reduction in Chapter 3.

MS. SMYSER: That is correct under 2D1.1(a)(5).

In addition, the defendant has agreed to waive his right to appeal under certain circumstances. One is that he will not appeal a sentence that is less than the guidelines range or within the stipulated guidelines range, he will not appeal a fine of less than a million dollars, he will not appeal based on effect on his immigration consequences, and he

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will not appeal based on a failure to produce discovery aside from any evidence related to his actual innocence.

THE COURT: Very good. Thank you.

Mr. Dalack, are you in agreement with AUSA Smyser's summary of those terms?

MR. DALACK: I am, Judge. Thank you.

THE COURT: And Mr. Arias, did you hear and understand AUSA Smyser as she described certain terms of the plea agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right. I want to highlight just one of those terms.

Do you understand that, under the agreement, you are giving up your right to appeal or otherwise challenge your sentence so long as I do not sentence you to more than 71 months' imprisonment?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Has anyone made any promise or done anything other than what's contained in the plea agreement to induce you to plead guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

THE COURT: Has anyone made a promise to you as to what your sentence will be?

THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

THE COURT: Do you still wish to plead guilty pursuant

to this agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Arias, we are now at the point where I would like you to tell me in your own words what you did that makes you believe that you are guilty of the lesser included offense within Count One of the information.

I see that you will be reading from a document. Is that correct?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: That's fine. I just need to confirm before you start reading that you have reviewed what is written there and that you are confident that everything there is accurate. Is that so?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead and tell me in your own words what you did that makes you believe you are guilty of the lesser included offense within Count One. Just kindly speak slowly and distinctly for the benefit of the translator and of course the court reporter.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay, sir. In August 2021, in the Bronx, I agreed to receive a package from another person who -- which I knew contained drugs. I'm sorry. I know that what I have done was wrong, and I will never make this mistake again.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Arias. I have just several follow-up questions. You may be seated, though.

1 When you say that you knew that the package contained 2 drugs, did you know that the drugs were illegal narcotics? 3 THE DEFENDANT: I didn't know which specific drug it 4 contained. 5 THE COURT: Did you know that the drugs that were in 6 the package were ones that it is illegal to distribute or 7 possess with intent to distribute under federal law? 8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 9 THE COURT: Okay. And Mr. Dalack, anything -- can you 10 help me with that one? I take it it is undisputed, Mr. Dalack, 11 that the package in fact included fentanyl and cocaine. 12 MR. DALACK: Yes. 13 THE COURT: Correct? 14 MR. DALACK: Yes, your Honor. 15 THE COURT: Mr. Arias, did the package in fact include fentanyl and cocaine? 16 17 MR. DALACK: One correction, your Honor. I believe 18 the package that's at issue that we are discussing contained 19 fentanyl, and then there was cocaine found in his apartment. 20 THE COURT: Ms. Smyser, is that correct? 21 MS. SMYSER: That is correct, your Honor. 22 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Arias, did the package in 23 fact contain fentanyl? 24 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 25 THE COURT: All right. When you did these acts, did

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you know that what you were doing was wrong? 1 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. THE COURT: Did you know that you were committing a 3 4 crime? 5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 6 THE COURT: Does government counsel agree that there 7 is a sufficient factual predicate for a guilty plea? MS. SMYSER: Yes, your Honor. And just to make it 8 9 clear, I want to proffer that cocaine was found in his 10 apartment after he accepted the package. 11 THE COURT: Do I need to allocute him on that? MS. SMYSER: I don't think he needs to know the 12 13 particular illegal narcotics that were in his home, but you may 14 ask him whether drugs were found in his home. 15 THE COURT: Fair enough. 16 Mr. Arias, the government has represented that illegal 17 drugs were found in your home. Did you in fact possess in your 18 home illegal narcotics? 19 THE DEFENDANT: Drugs were found, yes. 20 THE COURT: In your apartment? THE DEFENDANT: Not in my apartment, where I was 21 22 living. 23 THE COURT: And were you among the persons responsible 24 for those drugs being there?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

1	THE COURT: Were those drugs in fact cocaine?
2	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
3	THE COURT: And did you know that the drugs that were
4	in the apartment were illegal drugs, something that is illegal
5	to possess with intent to distribute under the law?
6	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
7	THE COURT: Ms. Smyser, anything further?
8	MS. SMYSER: Nothing further.
9	THE COURT: Defense counsel, do you agree that there
10	is a sufficient factual predicate for a guilty plea?
11	MR. DALACK: Yes, I do, your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Mr. Dalack, do you know of any valid
13	defense that would prevail at trial or any reason why your
14	client should not be permitted to plead guilty?
15	MR. DALACK: No, your Honor.
16	THE COURT: Mr. Arias, are you pleading guilty today
17	because you are in fact guilty?
18	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
19	THE COURT: Are you pleading guilty voluntarily and of
20	your own free will?
21	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
22	THE COURT: Can government counsel represent that had
23	the case gone to trial, it had sufficient evidence of each
24	element to establish a conviction on this offense?
25	MS. SMYSER: Yes, your Honor.

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THE COURT: All right. Mr. Arias, because you have acknowledged that you are in fact guilty as charged in the lesser included offense within the scope of Count One of the information, because I am satisfied that you know of your rights, including your right to go to trial, because I am satisfied that you are aware of the consequences of your plea, including the sentence that may be imposed, and because I find that you are voluntarily pleading guilty, I accept your guilty plea and enter a judgment of guilty on the lesser included offense.

All right. The next step in your case, Mr. Arias, will involve the sentencing process, and I'm going to ask you to pay close attention to what I am about to say. probation department is going to want to interview you in connection with a presentence report that it will prepare. Ιf you choose to speak with the probation department, please make sure that anything you say to them is truthful and accurate. read those reports carefully and they are often quite important to me, along with the parties' sentencing submissions, in deciding what sentence to impose and what sentence is just and reasonable. You and your counsel have a right to examine the report, you have a right to comment on it at the time of sentencing. I urge you to read the report and to discuss it with Mr. Dalack before sentencing. If there are any mistakes in the report, please point them out to Mr. Dalack so that he

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can bring them to my attention before sentencing. 1 2 Will you agree to do that? 3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. THE COURT: Mr. Dalack, I take it this is not a case 4 in which you are seeking an expedited sentence. 5 6 MR. DALACK: No, your Honor. 7 THE COURT: All right. Counsel, how is, for sentencing, Tuesday, September 12, at 11 a.m. 8 9 MS. SMYSER: That's fine with the government, your 10 Honor. 11 MR. DALACK: That works very well for the defense. 12 Thank you, Judge. 13 THE COURT: Very good. I understand that's consistent 14 with your preferences expressed to Mr. Smallman. 15 MS. SMYSER: Yes, your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Very good. I'm happy to schedule the 17 sentencing for that date and time. 18 Mr. Dalack, you should arrange for your client to be 19 interviewed by the probation department within two weeks. 20 Ms. Smyser, the government should provide its case 21 summary to the probation department within the next two weeks. 22 Defense submissions are due two weeks before 23 sentencing, and the government's submission is due one week 24 before.

All right. The next issue and final issue I need to

take up involves whether the defendant's bail is to be continued or whether he is to be remanded. What is the government's view?

MS. SMYSER: Your Honor, the government's view is that remanding the defendant is mandatory under 3145(c).

THE COURT: I think --

THE INTERPRETER: Sorry. The interpreter requests a repetition.

THE COURT: Let's start that again. Ms. Smyser, what's the government's view.

MS. SMYSER: Your Honor, the government's view is that the defendant's remand is mandatory under the statute.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Dalack.

MR. DALACK: Yes, your Honor. We submit to the Court that there are exceptional grounds to keep Mr. Arias on bail pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3145(c), largely for the reasons set forth in Judge Stein's opinion in *United States v. Dwight Boyd*. Here, as was the case with Mr. Boyd, Mr. Arias is pleading guilty to a lesser included offense. He played a minor role. He has been forthcoming with the U.S. Attorney's office about his role in the offense since his arrest. He's been gainfully employed. He has had absolutely no issues on pretrial supervision.

THE COURT: Okay. I am going to permit the defendant to remain on bail pending sentencing, substantially for the

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reasons given by Mr. Dalack. But just to unpack it a little bit, the government is absolutely correct that, under Section 3143 for this offense mandatory -- remand is mandatory. However, there is an exception under Section 3145(c), where exceptional reasons justify permitting a defendant to be It is not sufficient -- it is necessary but not released. sufficient that the defendant not be a risk of flight or a danger to the community. Something more needs to be proven. And while ordinarily, in ordinary times, that is a tough burden to meet, I, like many of my colleagues, have found during the era marked by the pandemic and more recently by the terrible conditions in the MDC that that standard is met. The pandemic is now on the wane, but the conditions at the MDC remain unacceptable. They have been described to me by too many people in too many cases for it any longer to be factually disputable that that is just an inhospitable, terrible place to be.

Under those circumstances, until the government can — the Bureau of Prisons really can get its act together in connection with that facility, my judgment is that where a defendant is not a risk of flight, is not a danger to the community, and there aren't special reasons for them to be remanded, avoiding putting a defendant in conditions like that qualifies as an exceptional reason under 3145(c).

Judge Stein's opinion in Boyd is substantially to that

effect, save that he was writing in February of 2022 when the pandemic was more of a factor.

My assessment here is that the pandemic is really not influential to me anymore about that. It's more that the MDC is too dreadful a place to put someone who is isn't a risk of flight or danger to the community. So it is on that ground that I will deny the request, respectfully, for remand.

Let me ask you, Ms. Smyser, given that ruling, is there any need to make any change to the existing bail conditions?

MS. SMYSER: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

Mr. Arias, do you understand that all the conditions on which you have been released up until now continue to apply and that a violation of any of those conditions can have very serious consequences for you at the time of sentencing?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: You must be in this courtroom for sentencing at the date and time that I have set or you will be guilty of a separate crime called bail jumping and you will be subject to a fine and/or a prison term in addition to whatever sentence you may receive for the crime to which you have just pled guilty.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

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               THE COURT: Is there anything further from the
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      government?
               MS. SMYSER: No. Nothing from the government. Thank
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      you, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Is there anything further from the
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     defense?
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               MR. DALACK: Nothing further, your Honor, but please
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      forgive me. I neglected to take note of the time on September
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      12.
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               THE COURT: That would be 11 a.m.
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               MR. DALACK: Thank you.
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               THE COURT: All right. We stand adjourned.
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